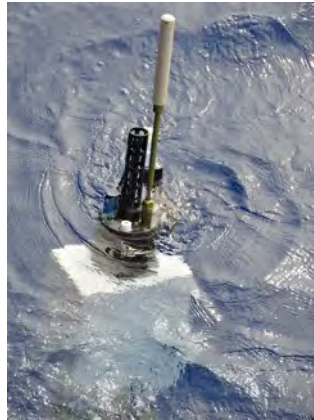
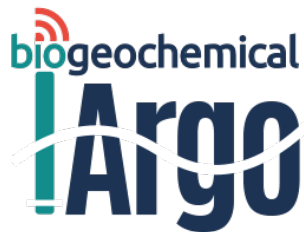


SOCLIM meeting  
Villefranche-sur-Mer  
18. Sept. 2017

# CONTENT: Improved estimates of open ocean CO<sub>2</sub> parameters from T/S/O<sub>2</sub> data for underway and profile applications\*: Application to the Austral Ocean



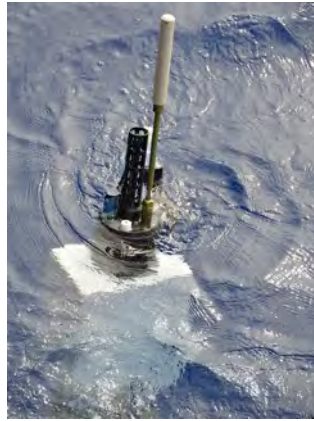
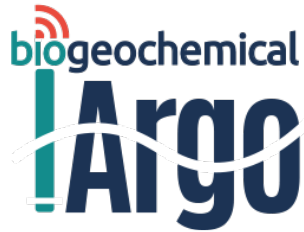
**Henry C. Bittig**, Tobias Steinhoff, Hervé Claustre, Björn Fiedler, Arne Körtzinger, Jean-Pierre Gattuso

LOV Laboratoire d'Océanographie de Villefranche, France / UPMC, Paris, France  
GEOMAR Helmholtz-Zentrum für Ozeanforschung Kiel, Kiel, Germany

\*(Bittig et al., in prep.)



# How to benefit from & link both?



- Global Coverage
- **Weekly Cycles** →
- 6 Key Parameters + T/S ←
- Global Coverage
- Multiannual Repeat
- **Extensive Parameter List**

Wanted: Way to Transfer Information from One to Another

## CANYON

C**A**rbonate system and N**U**trient concentrations from h**Y**drological properties and O**X**xygen using a N**E**ural-network



ORIGINAL RESEARCH  
published: 22 May 2017  
doi: 10.3389/fmars.2017.00128

## Estimates of Water-Column Nutrient Concentrations and Carbonate System Parameters in the Global Ocean: A Novel Approach Based on Neural Networks

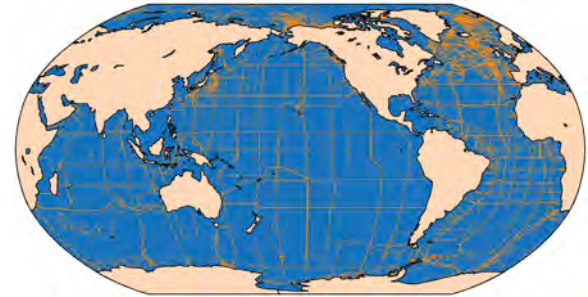
Raphaëlle Sauzède<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Henry C. Bittig<sup>1</sup>, Hervé Claustre<sup>1</sup>, Orens Pasqueron de Fommervault<sup>1,3</sup>, Jean-Pierre Gattuso<sup>1,4</sup>, Louis Legendre<sup>1</sup> and Kenneth S. Johnson<sup>5</sup>

# Data Perspectives

## Scattered Data View

→ GLODAPv2

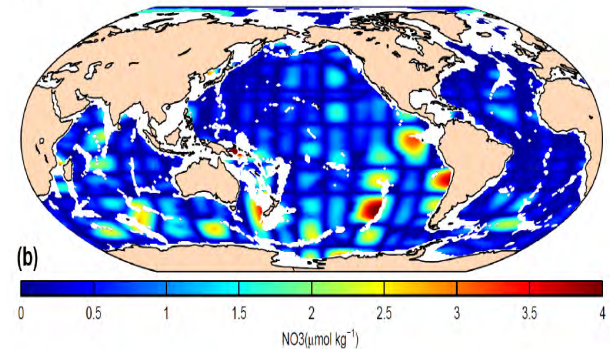
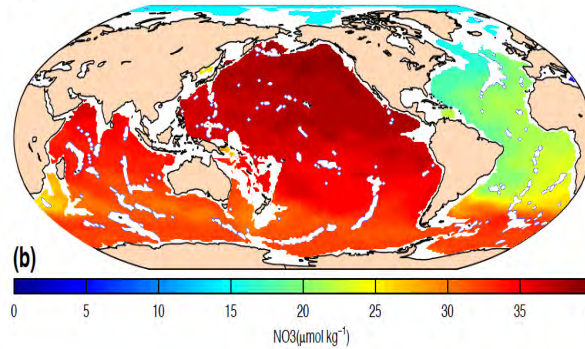
(Olsen et al., 2016)



## Climatological View

→ Spatial Mapping  
(+Mapping Error)

(Lauvset et al., 2016)



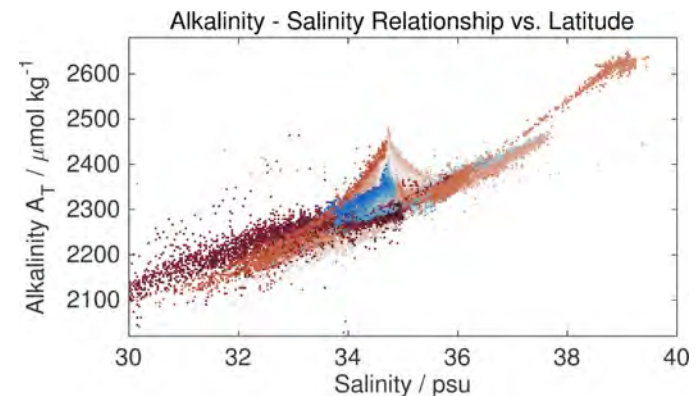
## Parameter Interrelation View

→ Mapping from “Simple Parameters”  
to “Complex Parameters”

P, T, S, O<sub>2</sub>, Location, Time

→ NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, Si(OH)<sub>4</sub>,  
C<sub>T</sub>, A<sub>T</sub>, pH, pCO<sub>2</sub>

(Sauzède et al., 2017; Carter et al., 2017)



# Parameter Interrelations (thanks to GLODAP!)

## CANYON

CArbonate system and Nutrient concentrations from hYdrological properties and Oxygen using a NNeural-network

P, T, S, O<sub>2</sub>, Location, Time → NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>, PO<sub>4</sub><sup>3-</sup>, Si(OH)<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>T</sub>, A<sub>T</sub>, pH, pCO<sub>2</sub>

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	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> / μmol kg <sup>-1</sup>	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> / μmol kg <sup>-1</sup>	Si(OH) <sub>4</sub> / μmol kg <sup>-1</sup>	C <sub>T</sub> / μmol kg <sup>-1</sup>	A <sub>T</sub> / μmol kg <sup>-1</sup>	pH	pCO <sub>2</sub>
Accuracy	1.04	0.074	3.2	11	9	0.020	7.6 %

(based on GLODAPv2)

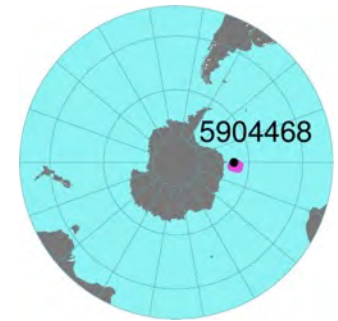
- Parameterization of water mass properties, biogeochemical processes, and regional anomalies.
- No inclusion of “unobserved” phenomena.

# What can we learn from GO-SHIP?



(1) Validation / Calibration of Sensor Data

→  $\text{NO}_3^-$  and pH Sensor Drift and Offset



# Validation / Calibration of BGC-Argo Sensor Data

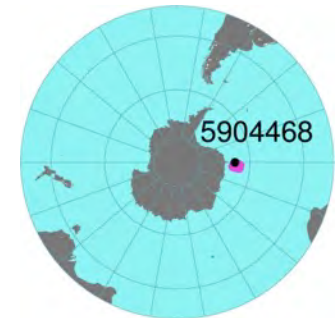
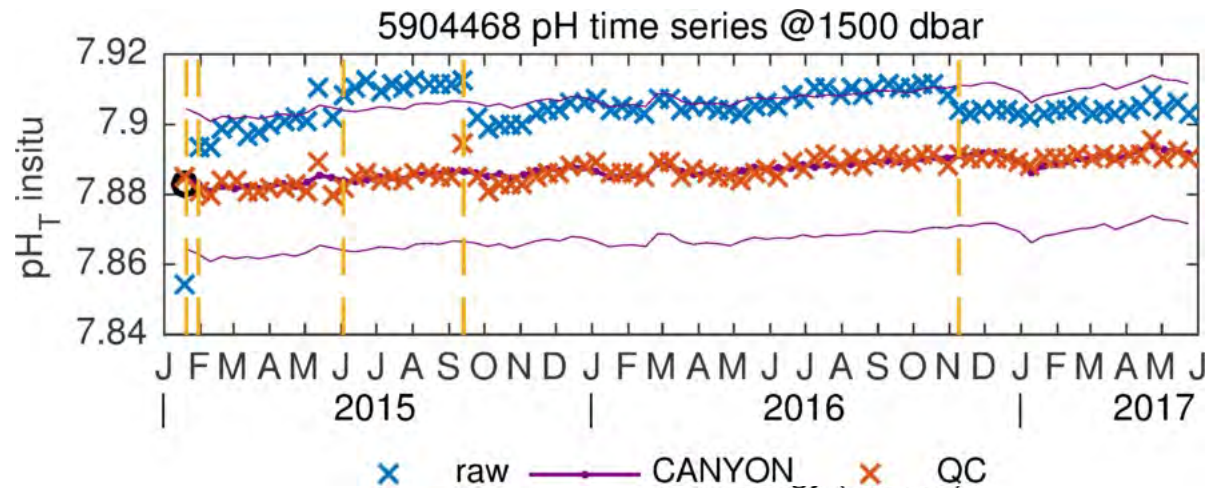
NO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> and pH Sensors prone to Drift (and Offsets)

→ Correction on Deep Reference, e.g.,

Deployment Bottle Data

GLODAPv2 Spatial Interpolation

GLODAPv2 NN / MLR Parameter Interrelation



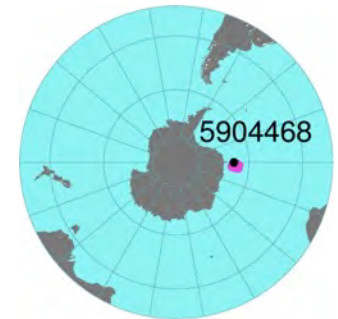
→ Correction propagated on all other Depth Levels.

# What can we learn from GO-SHIP?



(1) Validation / Calibration of Sensor Data

→  $\text{NO}_3^-$  and pH Sensor Drift and Offset



## Can we do even better?

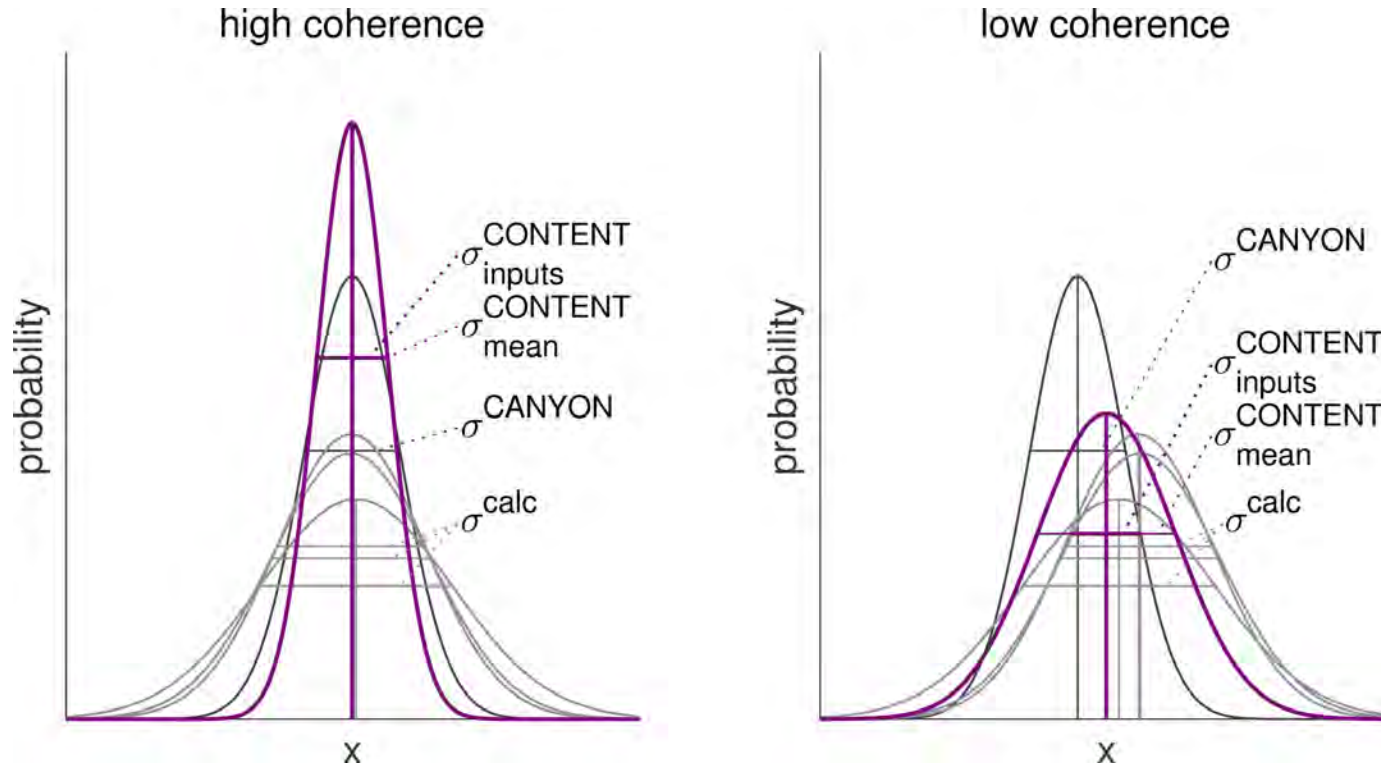
→ Use all 4 carbon CANYONS & combine with  $\text{CO}_2$  system calc.s

(1) “Overdetermined”  $\text{CO}_2$  system → Improve estimate

(2) Coherence of estimates → Provide confidence (locally!)

→ **CONTENT: CONSistency Estimation and amount**  
(Bittig et al., in prep.)

# CONTENT Benefits



Parameter	$A_T / \mu\text{mol kg}^{-1}$	$C_T / \mu\text{mol kg}^{-1}$	$\text{pH}_T$	$\text{pCO}_2$
$\sigma^{\text{CANYON}}$ (Sauzède et al., 2017)	9.4	11.2	0.020	7.6 % (30 $\mu\text{atm}$ @ 400 $\mu\text{atm}$ )
$\sigma_{\text{inputs}}^{\text{CONTENT}} (\leq \sigma^{\text{CONTENT}})$ (Bittig et al., in prep.)	7.4	7.4	0.014	3.3 % (13 $\mu\text{atm}$ @ 400 $\mu\text{atm}$ )

# CONTENT Validation

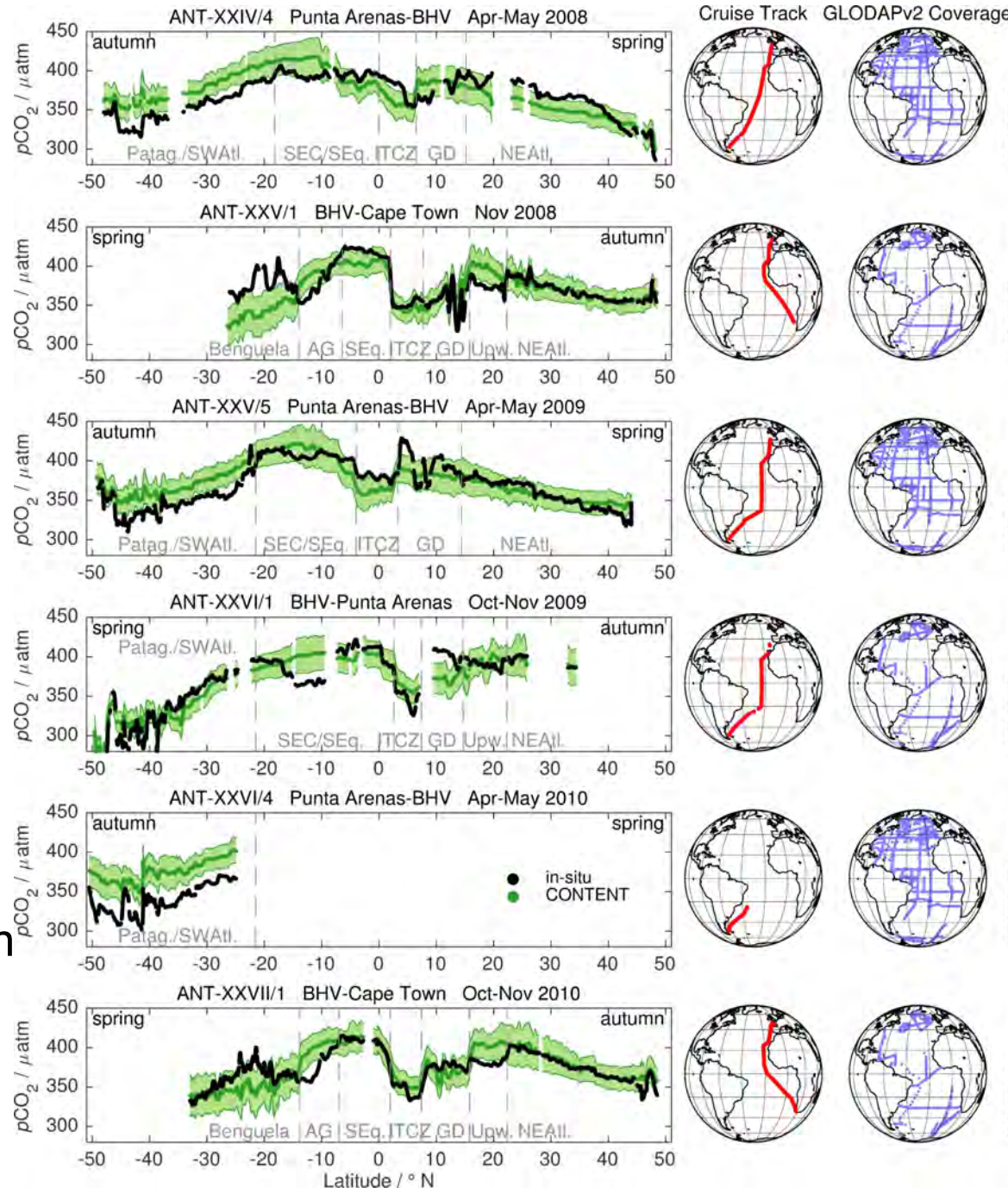
Surface underway  $p\text{CO}_2$  and (calibrated!)  $\text{O}_2$  data (Oceanet project)

Polarstern transits spring/autumn

$p\text{CO}_2/\text{O}_2$  gas exchange time scale:  $p\text{CO}_2$  draw-down more persistent

Good prediction depends on good coverage and consistent parameterization

(Bittig et al., in prep.)



# CONTENT Validation

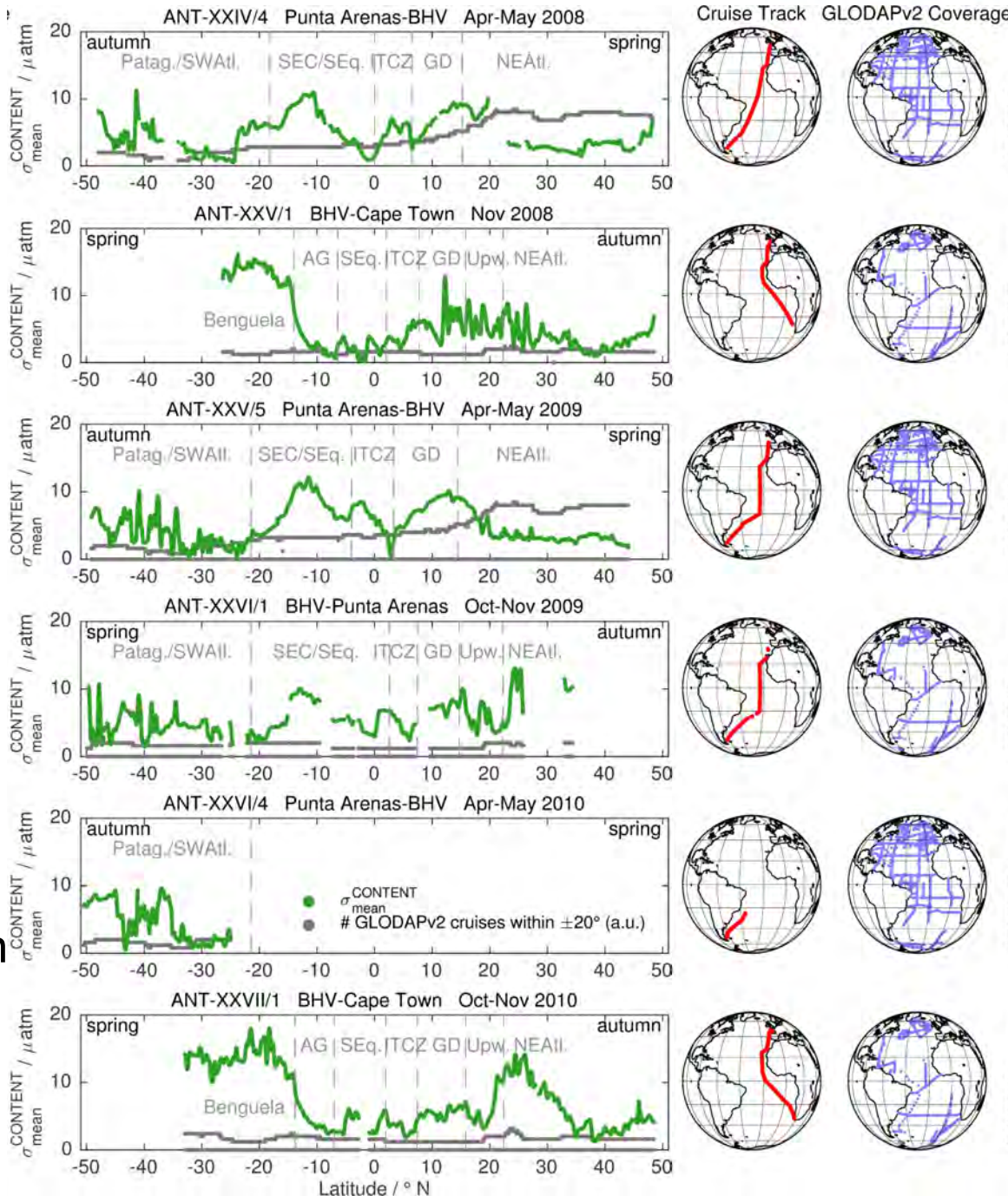
Surface underway  $p\text{CO}_2$  and (calibrated!)  $\text{O}_2$  data (Oceanet project)

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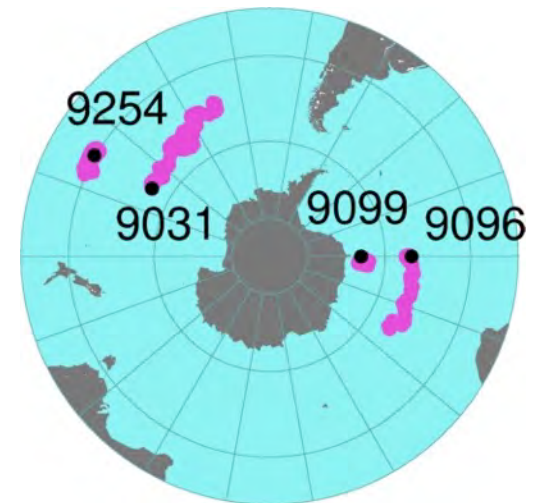
# What can we learn from BGC-Argo?



(1) Temporal and Spatial Resolution

(2) Observational Gaps

→ Surface  $p\text{CO}_2$  estimates from SOCCOM Floats in the Southern Ocean (mid-2014 – end 2016)



(Bittig et al., in prep.)

# Southern Ocean surface $p\text{CO}_2$ estimate

## Climatology

(Landschützer et al. 2015)

## CONTENT / Argo- $\text{O}_2$

~ GO-SHIP mapping

(Bittig et al., in prep.)

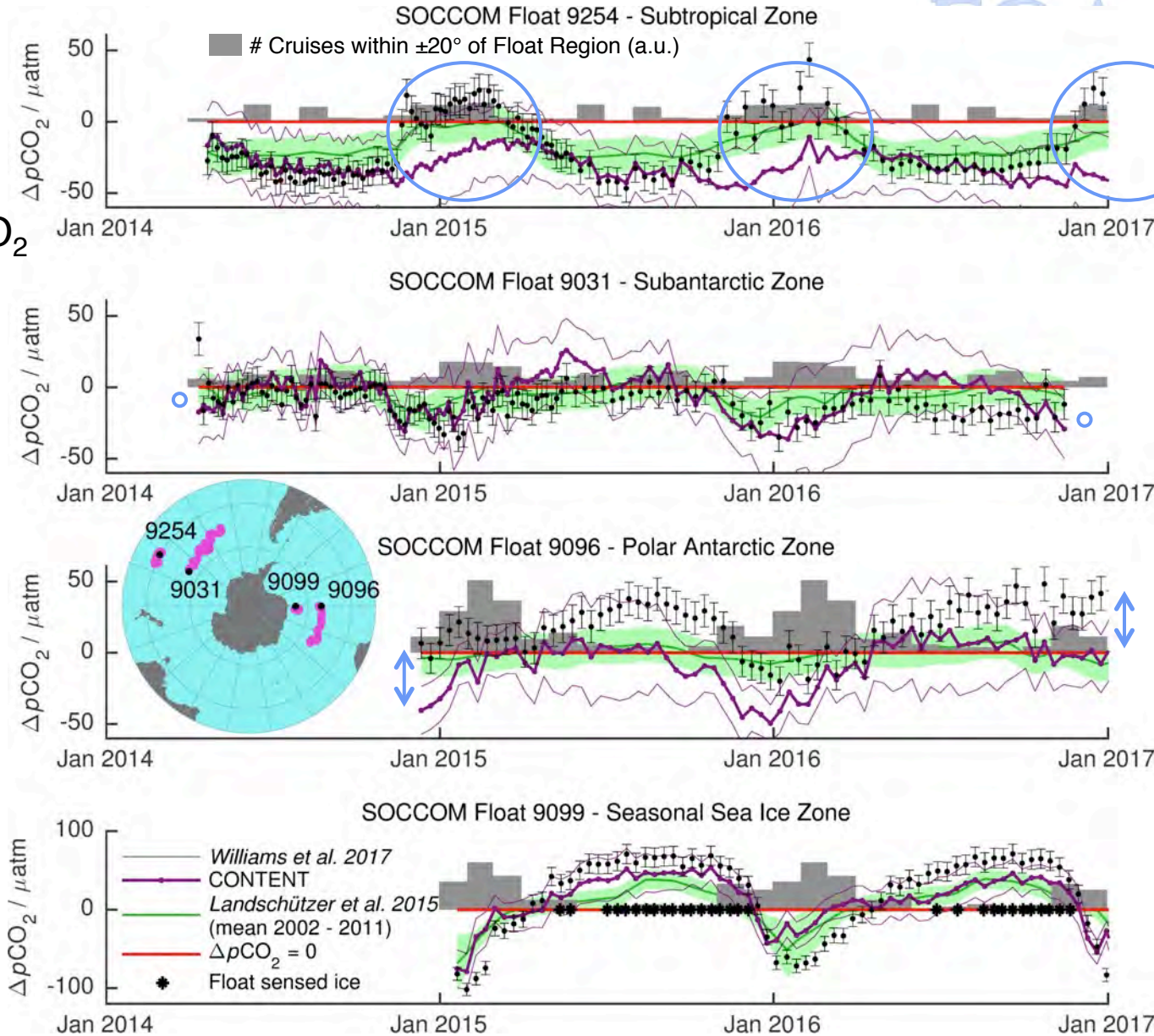
## pH $\text{CO}_2$ System Observation

(Williams et al. 2017)

## Disagreement

→ Coverage Issue?!

(Bittig et al., in prep.)



# SOCLIM floats (preliminary! No O<sub>2</sub> drift checks..)

